How to Teach Your Child Body Autonomy

A Series by Sikh Family Center



Teach them proper body part names.



All body parts serve necessary functions - there is **no shame** in speaking about any of them, including genitalia.

Using code words ("pee pee", "wee wee" etc.) can create a **sense of secrecy** around private body parts, which may make a child less likely to disclose abuse.

Not naming private parts (bottom, vagina, penis, breasts) may also lead to **confusion or misunderstandings** when a child is trying to share or ask about something.



Teach them about safe touch.



Safe touch examples include a hug from someone your child trusts, a bath from a parent, an examination by a doctor with consent of their parent/guardian.

Unsafe touch is anything that makes them uncomfortable, scared, or confused - even if from someone the child trusts.

Remind them to **tell you immediately** about any unsafe touch.



Teach them that they can say no.



When someone your child knows asks them for a hug, let them know **they don't have to give one**, and can give a high five, wave, or say Sat Sri Akal with folded hands.

Similarly, teach them to **ask** before giving a friend a hug, and to respect their friend's response if they say no.

Let them know that any harm or unsafe touch is never their fault.



Teach them that abuse is never their fault.



A child may think **they did something** to cause abuse. Let them know they are not to blame for being hurt or touched inappropriately.

Children should also be told that they will never **get in trouble** for telling someone about abuse.



Teach them to never keep secrets from you.



"Secrets", especially about something the child considers embarrassing such as inappropriate touch, can be **very harmful**.

Instruct children to always **tell you or a trusted adult** if someone asks them to keep a "secret." Even if that someone is a "respected" adult, and whether they seem "friendly" or "scary."

Avoid using the word "secret" as far as possible in everyday life, and **use** "surprise" instead for gifts or fun special occasions.



Help them think of five adults they can trust.



These should be people who will respond lovingly when your child shares any concerns, and should include both **family and non-family members**.

Let your child know that if the adult they tell does not support or believe them, they should tell another trusted adult.



Talk to your child early and often.



Starting from **toddler years**, children can be taught to have body autonomy through simple things like choosing which adults they want to hug.

It's also imperative to talk to your child often - a single conversation isn't enough to help them develop the **right mindset**, or to remember that they can talk to you or another agreed upon adult **without getting in trouble**.





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